

WHY NATIVES?

- California has a very unique flora
- Plants and pollinators interdependent
- Ecological use less chemicals
- Economical use less water
- Smart gardening use less labor





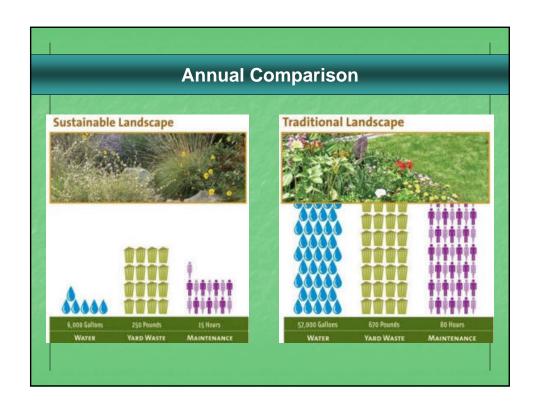


"garden/garden" Comparison

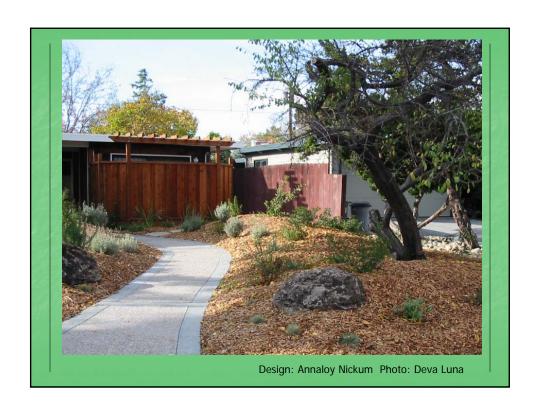
- 1/10 of the water
- 1/4 of the maintenance labor
- 3/5 of the green waste
- Increased habitat
- Lowered pollution

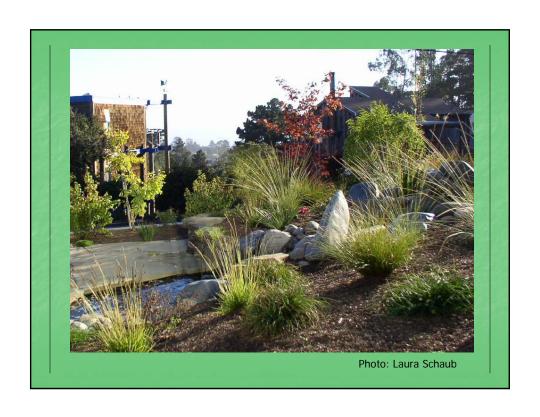
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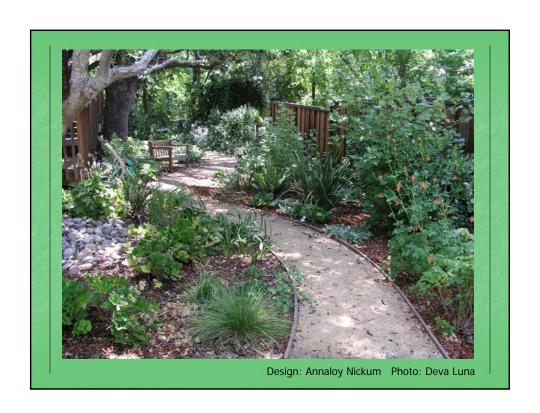
http://www.smgov.net/Departments/OSE/Categories/ Landscape/Demonstration_Gardens.aspx











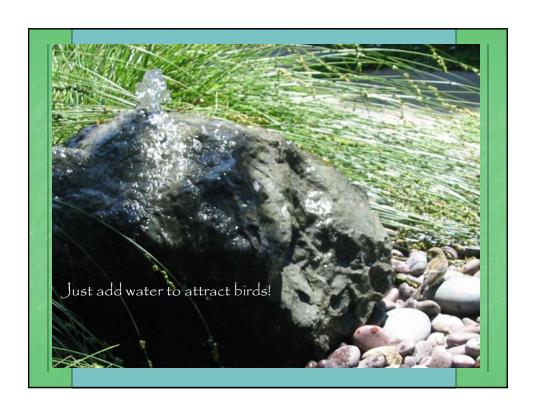


Birds, bees and butterflies, oh my!

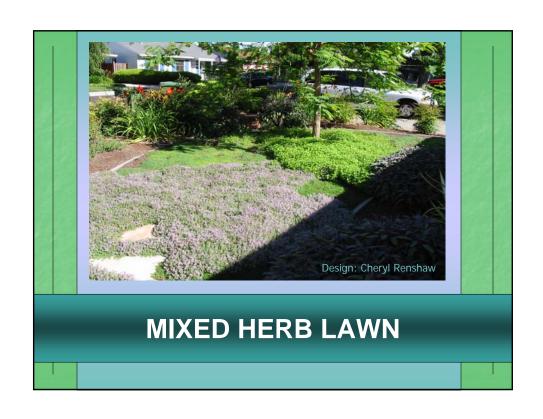
- No pesticides or herbicides
- Plant natives that bloom at different times
- Some evergreen, some deciduous
- Don't prune off seeds and berries
- Provide shelter and places to raise young
- Provide water











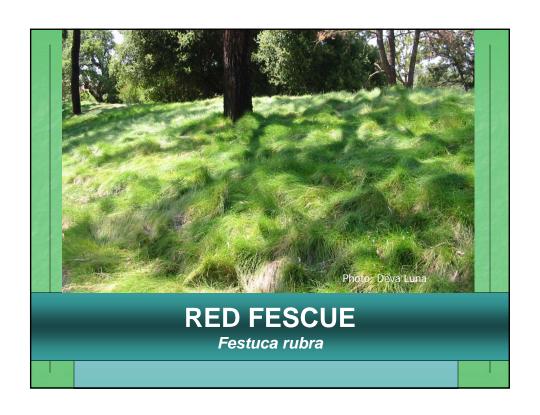




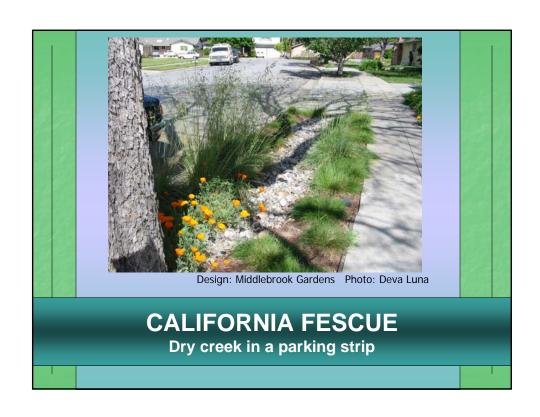
"NO MOW" GRASSES

- Seasonal changes
- Flowers sway in the breeze
- Can be weed whacked once or twice a year
- Provide habitat for birds, butterflies
- Can be interplanted with wildflowers



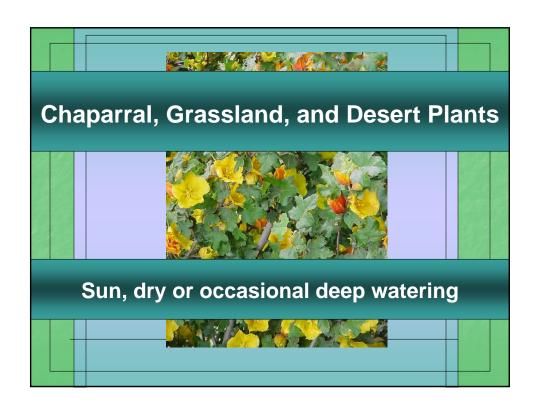


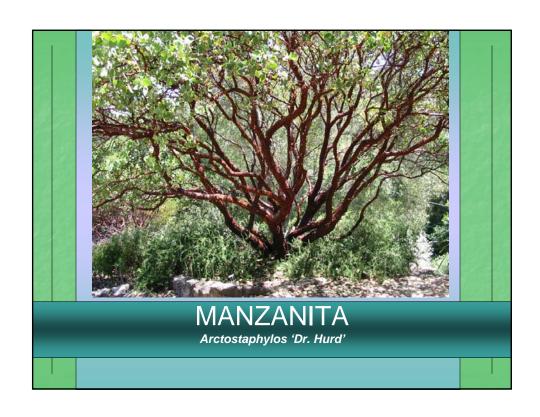




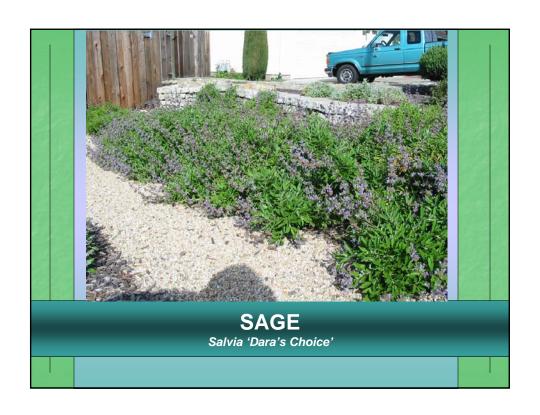


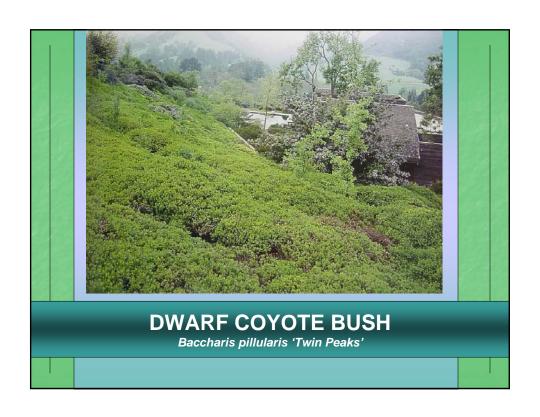


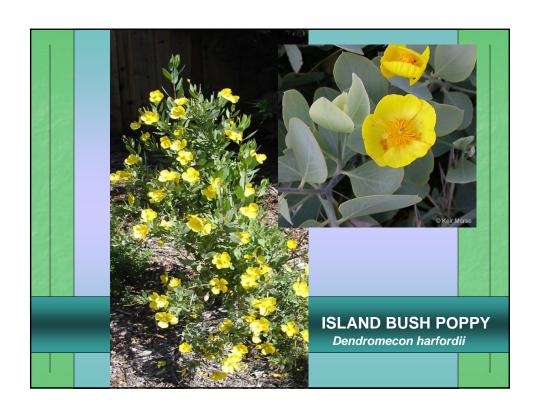




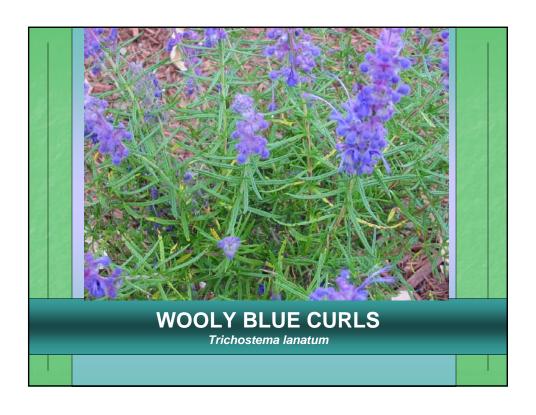


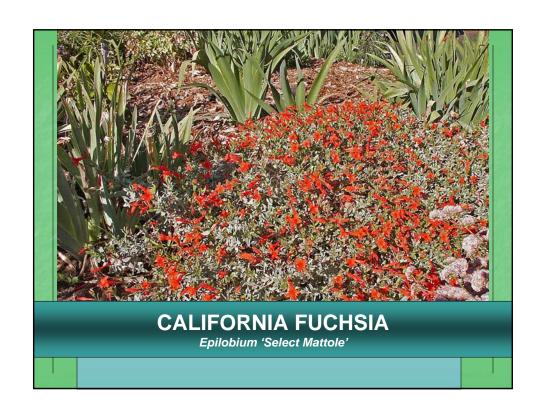






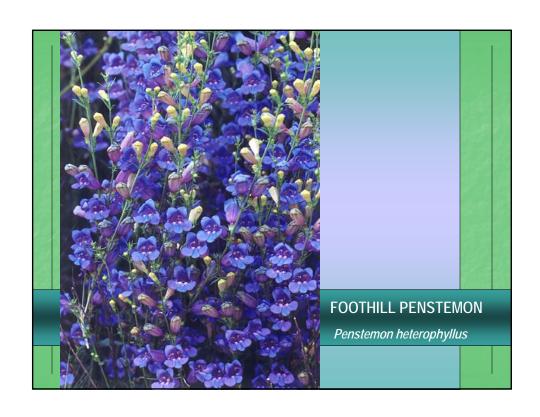


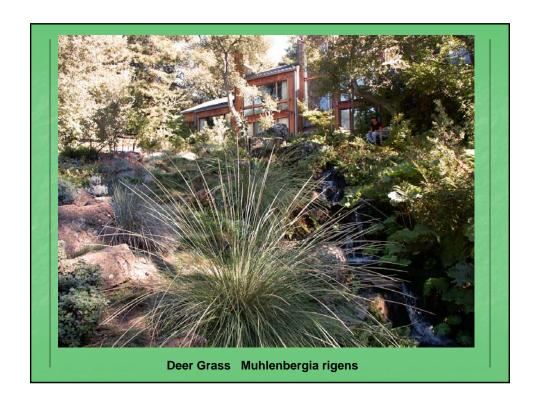




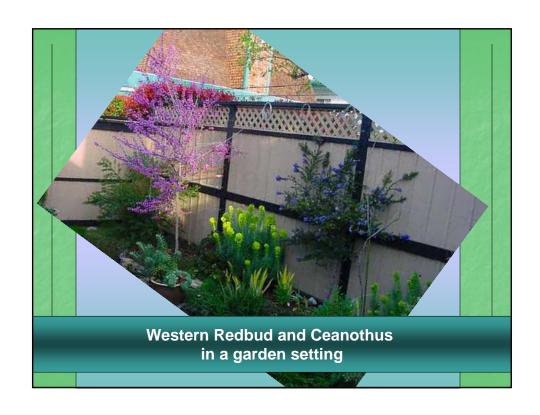




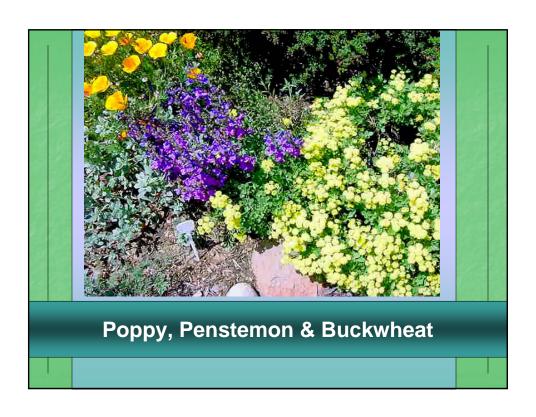


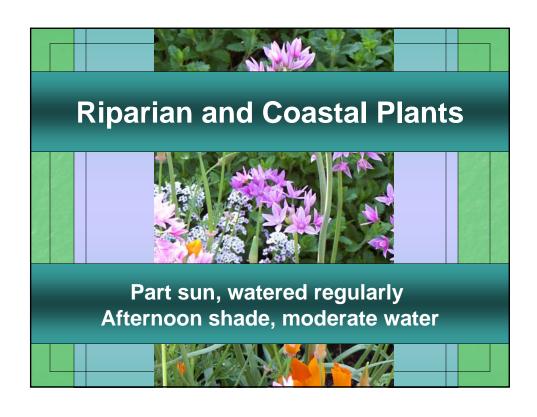


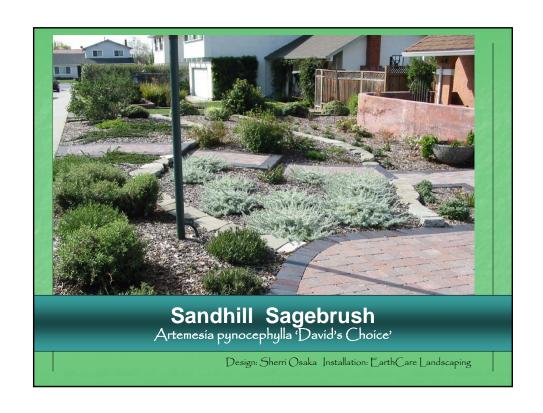






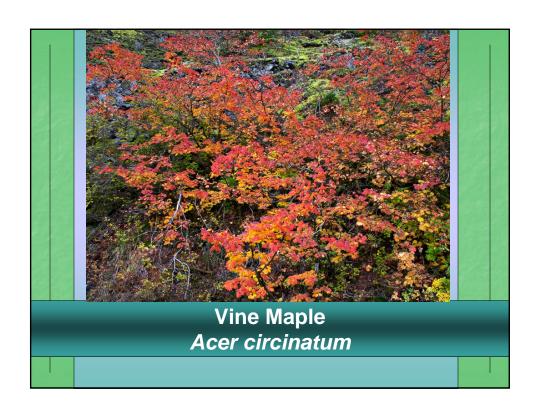


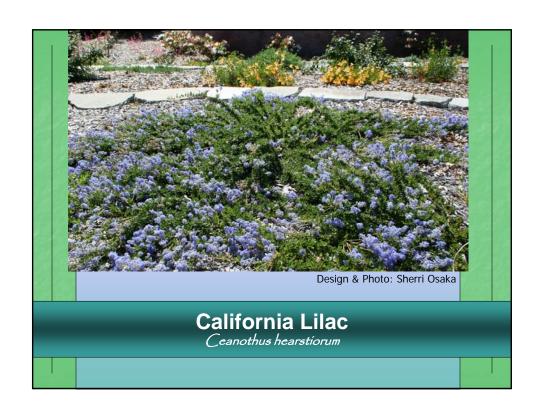










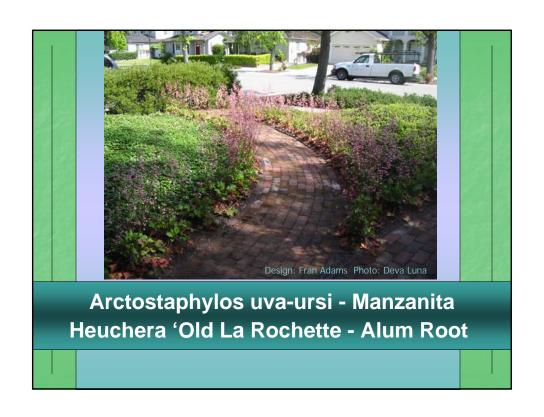






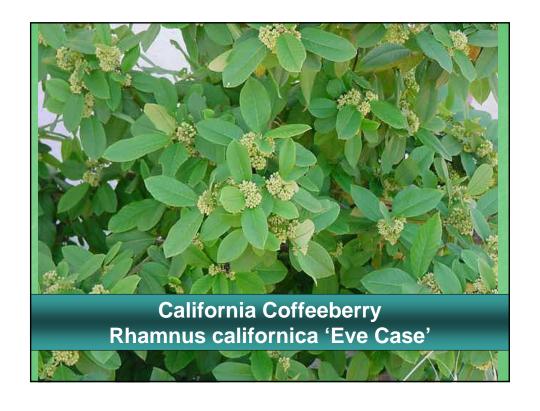




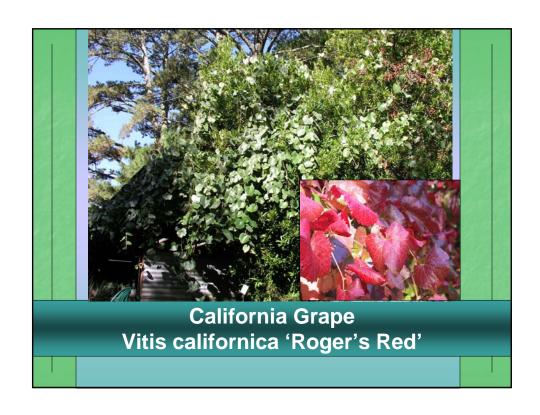






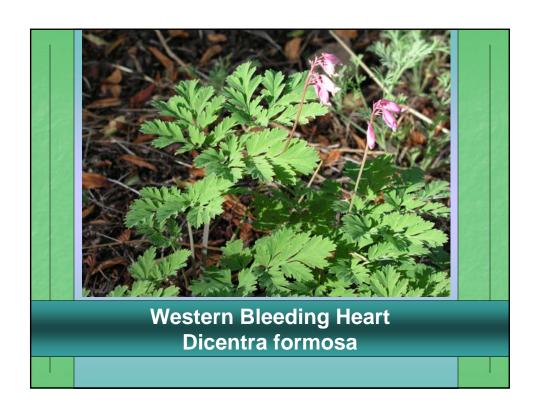




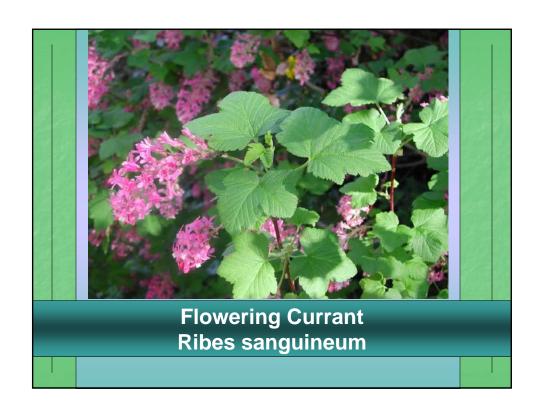


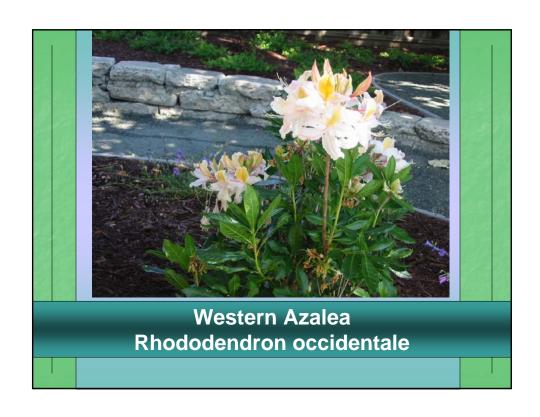




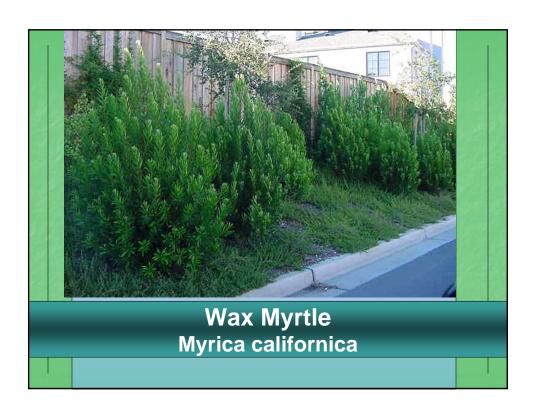
















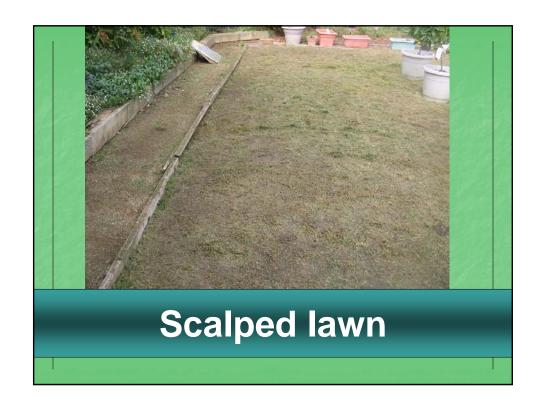


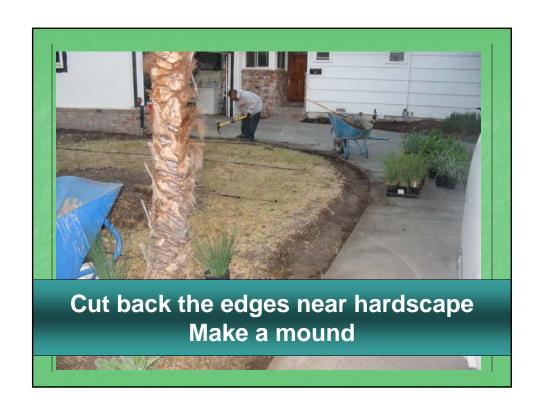


SUSTAINABLE GUIDELINES

Natural processes will aide you

- Prohibit photosynthesis
- Keep materials on site
- Be persistent & patient
- Keeping old lawn creates compost





SMOTHER

Newspaper (5 layers)

Avoid glossy sections
Black & white, colored okay
Dampen to avoid blowing away, cover w/mulch

- Cardboard, overlapped
- Compost
- Natural fiber carpet
- Mulch

IF IT MUST BE REMOVED

- For small areas, use pick & shovel
- Rent a sod cutter for high grade or noxious weeds
- Remove to landfill or other location to dry out thoroughly
- Two passes may be necessary
- Then rototill lightly, and rake out the Bermuda Grass
- Follow up by spot weeding anything that re-sprouts





SHEET COMPOSTING

- Similar to Lasagna Gardening
- Plant directly into layers of organic matter
 Annual weeds, smashed down

 - **Newspapers**
 - Thick arbor chips
 - Thin layer of purchased mulch
- Make a planting pocket of good soil











Dry creek and two colors of mulch

REBATES

Santa Clara Valley Water District offers rebates to replace your lawn with appropriate plants, drip irrigation and permeable surfaces.

\$.75/sft up to \$2,000, material costs reimbursed

Commercial properties up to \$20,000

Palo Alto and Morgan Hill will match funds www.valleywater.org







REPLACE YOUR THIRSTY LAWN WITH CA NATIVES

Presented by BAWSCA & City of Mountain View May 1, 2010

DEVA LUNA – EARTHCARE LANDSCAPING – 408-871-2792

WHY NATIVES?

- California has a very unique flora
- Plants and pollinators interdependent
- Ecological use less chemicals
- Economical use less water
- Smart gardening use less labor

Garden/garden comparison (Santa Monica)

- 1/10 of the water
- ¼ of the maintenance labor
- 3/5 of the green waste

To view online:

http://www.smgov.net/Departments/OSE/Categories/ Landscape/Demonstration_Gardens.aspx

NO MOW GRASSES / MEADOWS

- Seasonal changes
- Flowers sway in the breeze
- Can be weed whacked annually
- Provide habitat for birds, butterflies
- Can be inter-planted with wildflowers

Clumping Grasses for Meadows

California Fescue
 June Grass
 Purple Needle Grass
 Leafy Reed Grass
 Berkeley Sedge
 Festuca. californica
 Koeleria macrantha
 Nasella pulchra
 Calamogrostis foliosa
 Carex divulsa (non-native)

Spreading Grasses for Meadows

Red Fescue
 Dune Sedge
 Foothill Sedge
 Idaho Fescue
 Festuca rubra
 Carex pansa
 Carex praegracilis
 Festuca idahoensis

ESTABLISHING A MEADOW

- Relaxed attitude around perfection/change
- Decide on type of grass
- Mixed with flowers?
- Transplants or seed?
- Pre-germination of existing weed seeds
- Weeding important until established

REPLACE YOUR THIRSTY LAWN WITH CA NATIVES

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HERBAL "LAWNS"

- Wooly Thyme, Creeping Thyme, Elfin Thyme
- Chamomile
- Yarrow
- Sweet Woodruff
- Corsican Mint
- Yerba Buena

ECO-LAWN: Mixture of clover, yarrow & dwarf fescues

ARTIFICIAL LAWN: never needs mowing or watering – but can't recycle it and doesn't cool or give anything back to the Earth

DROUGHT TOLERANTGROUND COVERS

Manzanita, Dwarf Coyote Bush, Dwarf Ceanothus, Strawberry, (non-natives:) Dymondia, Lowfast Cotoneaster, Rosemary

SUNNY & DRY: CHAPPARAL, GRASSLAND & DESERT PLANTS, Manzanita, Sage, Ceanothus (some), Coyote Bush, Matilija Poppy, Wooly Blue Curls, California Fuchsia, Buckwheats, Deer Grass, Monkey Flower, Foothill Penstemon, Yarrow

SHADY & DRY: OAK WOODLAND

Coffeeberry, Toyon, Hummingbird Sage, Coral Bells, Douglas Iris, California Grape, Coyote Mint,

SUNNY WITH MODERATE WATER: RIPARIAN & COASTAL PLANTS Sandhill Sagebrush, Vine Maple, Beach Strawberry, Beach Aster, Siskyou Blue Fescue, Cedros Island Verbena, Ground cover Manzanita

SHADE WITH REGULAR WATER: REDWOOD FOREST Wild Ginger, Bleeding Heart, Flowering Currant, Western Columbine, Western Azalea, Sword Fern, Wax Myrtle, Spicebush

RESOURCES

Going Native Garden Tour - April going native gardentour.org

California Native Plant Society www.cnps.org

Yerba Buena Demonstration Garden
Low Cost Professional Lawn Replacement
Sustainable Landscaping Site with lists of professionals and pictures

www.yerbabuenanursery.com
www.naturalfrontyards.com

www.landscapestandards.com